

Name:	
Forming good topic sentences is crucial to writing successful reports. Below is the topic sentence of a body paragraph within a biography on Frederick Douglass. There are four detail sentences that should come after the topic sentence. First, choose the four from the series of sentences below and then, form the paragraph. Start the paragraph with the topic sentence below. There are three additional sentence from those below that should be included. Topic Sentence: Frederick Douglass soon became one of the foremost voices in the abolitionist	
movement.	
Sentence	Does it belong in the paragraph with the above topic sentence?
Douglass never knew his father and was moved to different residences throughout Maryland during his childhood.	·
Douglass became a popular figure in Great Britain, where his lectures were "standing room only."	
When he returned to America, Douglass published the North Star and four other abolitionist newspapers under the motto "Right is of no Sex - Truth is of no Color - God is the Father of us all, and we are all brethren."	
As his reputation grew, Douglass became an advisor to Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson and led a growing movement that caused a split in the Abolitionist movement.	
After the assassination of President Lincoln, Douglass gave an impromptu speech at his memorial service.	
Douglass and others believed the US Constitution was an anti-slavery document, while William Lloyd Garrison believed it was a pro-slavery document.	
 	

Answers

Sentence	Does it belong in the paragraph with the above topic sentence?
Douglass never knew his father and was moved to different residences throughout Maryland during his childhood.	NO
Douglass became a popular figure in Great Britain, where his lectures were "standing room only."	NO
When he returned to America, Douglass published the North Star and four other abolitionist newspapers under the motto "Right is of no Sex - Truth is of no Color - God is the Father of us all, and we are all brethren."	YES
As his reputation grew, Douglass became an advisor to Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson and led a growing movement that caused a split in the Abolitionist movement.	YES
After the assassination of President Lincoln, Douglass gave an impromptu speech at his memorial service.	NO
Douglass and others believed the US Constitution was an anti-slavery document, while William Lloyd Garrison and some abolitionists believed it was a pro-slavery document.	YES

Frederick Douglass soon became one of the foremost voices in the abolitionist movement. When he returned to America, Douglass published the North Star and four other abolitionist newspapers under the motto "Right is of no Sex - Truth is of no Color - God is the Father of us all, and we are all brethren." As his reputation grew, Douglass became an advisor to Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson and led a growing movement that caused a split in the Abolitionist movement. Douglass and others believed the U.S. Constitution was an anti-slavery document, while William Lloyd Garrison and some abolitionists believed it was a pro-slavery document.